

## CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2007
ASSETS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,922,623	\$ 2,916,194
Amounts receivable and prepaids	123,475	112,441
Balances receivable from related parties (note 6)	185,935	5,714,191
•	8,232,033	8,742,826
Equipment (note 4)	24,189	25,462
Mineral property interests (note 5)		
	\$ 8,256,222	\$ 8,768,288
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
-		
-	\$ 91,112	\$ 78,012
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 91,112	\$ 78,012
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity	\$ ,	\$
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity Share capital	\$ 27,287,248	\$ 27,287,248
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity Share capital Contributed surplus	\$ 27,287,248	\$ 27,287,248
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity Share capital Contributed surplus Deficit	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (21,417,386)	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (20,892,220)
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Shareholders' equity Share capital Contributed surplus Deficit  Nature and continuance of operations (note 1)	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (21,417,386)	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (20,892,220)
Shareholders' equity Share capital Contributed surplus	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (21,417,386)	\$ 27,287,248 2,295,248 (20,892,220)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors

/s/ Ronald W. Thiessen /s/ Jeffrey R. Mason

Ronald W. Thiessen Jeffrey R. Mason
Director Director

# **Consolidated Statements of Operations and Deficit**

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended June 30					
		2007				
Expenses						
Amortization	\$	1,273	\$	1,990		
Conference and travel		1,546		306		
Exploration (schedule)		467,499		92,453		
Legal, accounting, and audit		3,364		3,567		
Management and consulting		23,976		24,102		
Office and administration		53,887		25,704		
Property investigation		528		1,886		
Salaries and benefits		47,896		49,501		
Shareholder communication		13,193		8,449		
Trust and filing		1,100		798		
•		614,262		208,756		
Other items						
Foreign exchange loss		88,953		7,106		
Loss on sale of equipment		_		1,678		
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(68,992)		_		
Write down of mineral property interest		_		55,929		
Interest income and other		(109,057)		(43,489)		
		(89,096)		21,224		
Loss for the period	\$	525,166	\$	229,980		
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	0.01	\$	0.00		
Weighted average number						
of common shares outstanding		62,949,473		52,459,473		

# Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity and Deficit

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	T	hree	months ended			Year ended
			June 30, 2007		N	Iarch 31, 2007
			(unaudited)			
Share capital	Number of shares			Number of shares		
Balance at beginning of the period	62,949,473	\$	27,287,248	52,459,473	\$	23,997,068
Private placement at \$0.50 per share, net of issue costs	_		_	10,490,000		5,097,607
Fair value of warrants issued	_		_	_		(1,807,427)
Balance at end of the period	62,949,473	\$	27,287,248	62,949,473	\$	27,287,248
Contibuted surplus						40= 0=4
Balance at beginning of the period			2,295,248			487,821
Fair value of warrants issued			_			1,807,427
Balance at end of the period		\$	2,295,248		\$	2,295,248
Deficit						
Balance at beginning of the period			(20,892,220)			(19,515,782)
Loss for the period			(525,166)			(1,376,438)
Balance at end of the period		\$	(21,417,386)		\$	(20,892,220)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$	8,165,110		\$	8,690,276

# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended June 30						
Cash provided by (used in)		2007		2006			
Operating activities							
Loss for the period	\$	(525,166)	\$	(229,980)			
Items not involving cash	Ψ	(323,100)	Ψ	(22),500)			
Amortization		1,273		1,990			
Loss on sale of equipment		-		1,678			
Gain on sale of marketable securities		(68,992)					
Write down of mineral property interest		(00,552)		55,929			
Changes in non-cash working capital items				,			
Amounts receivable and prepaids		(11,034)		23,146			
Balances receivable from and payable to related parties		(218,251)		131,596			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		13,100		(805)			
Cash used in operating activities		(809,070)		(16,446)			
Investing activities							
Loan to a related party		5,500,000		_			
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities		315,499		_			
Proceeds from sale of equipment		_		3,445			
Cash provided by investing activities		5,815,499		3,445			
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,006,429		(13,001)			
increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,000,429		(13,001)			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		2,916,194		4,537,933			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	7,922,623	\$	4,524,932			
Components of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:							
Cash	\$	86,609	\$	422,354			
Bankers acceptances	<b>.</b>	7,836,014	Φ.	4,102,578			
	\$	7,922,623	\$	4,524,932			
Supplementary cash flow information:							
Interest paid	\$	_	\$	=			
Interest received	\$	109,057	\$	43,489			
Income taxes paid	\$		\$	-			
	*		τ'				
Non cash investing activities:							
Receipt of common shares of Rockwell Diamonds Inc.	\$	246,506	\$	_			
representing payment of loan interest (note 6)							

# **Consolidated Schedules of Exploration Expenses**

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

British Columbia, Canada Properties	Three months	ended Jui	ne 30
	2007		2006
Exploration Cost			
Assays and analysis	\$ 16,027	\$	10,014
Equipment rental	40,329		3,094
Environmental	_		197
Freight	1,777		_
Geological	347,450		58,463
Graphics	4,933		1,534
Property fees and assessments	1,820		200
Site activities	52,168		16,512
Travel and accommodation	2,995		2,439
Incurred during period	467,499		92,453
Cumulative expenditures, beginning of period	14,382,635		13,349,575
Cumulative expenditures, end of period	\$ 14,850,134	\$	13,442,028

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

#### 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Amarc Resources Ltd. (the "Company") is incorporated under the laws of the province of British Columbia, and its principal business activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. Its principal mineral property interests are located in British Columbia.

Operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending March 31, 2008.

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern. Management recognizes that the Company will need to generate additional financial resources in order to meet its planned business objectives. However, there can be no assurances that the Company will continue to obtain additional financial resources and/or achieve profitability or positive cash flows. If the company is unable to obtain adequate additional financing, the Company will be required to curtail operations and exploration activities. Furthermore, failure to continue as a going concern would require that the Company's assets and liabilities be restated on a liquidation basis which could differ significantly from the going concern basis.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

These interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and are presented in Canadian dollars. They do not include all the disclosures as required for annual financial statements under generally accepted accounting principles. However, these interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company's most recent annual financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2007, which are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Compania Minera Amarc SA de CV and Amarc Exploraciones Mineras SA de CV, both of which are incorporated in Mexico. Also included are the accounts of the Precious Exploration Limited Partnership, which is subject to the Company's control and primary beneficial ownership.

All material inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

#### 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the following new accounting standards issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") relating to financial instruments. These new standards have been adopted on a prospective basis with no restatement to prior period financial statements.

(a) Section 3855 – Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement

This standard sets out criteria for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments for fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2006. This standard requires all financial instruments within its scope, including derivatives, to be included on a Company's balance sheet and measured either at fair value or, in certain circumstances when fair value may not be considered most relevant, at cost or amortized cost. Changes in fair value are to be recognized in the statements of operations and comprehensive income.

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contract creating the item. As such, any of the Company's outstanding financial assets and liabilities at the effective date of adoption are recognized and measured in accordance with the new requirements as if these requirements had always been in effect. Any changes to the fair values of assets and liabilities prior to April 1, 2007 are recognized by adjusting opening deficit or opening accumulated other comprehensive income.

All financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held for trading, held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or other financial liabilities. Initial and subsequent measurement and recognition of changes in the value of financial instruments depends on their initial classification:

- Held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, and other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.
- Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Revaluation gains and losses are included in other comprehensive income until the asset is removed from the balance sheet.
- Held for trading financial instruments are measured at fair value. All gains and losses are included in net earnings in the period in which they arise.
- All derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value, even when they are
  part of a hedging relationship. All gains and losses are included in net earnings in
  the period in which they arise.

In accordance with this new standard, deferred financing costs relating to the issuance of the term loan are no longer presented as a separate asset on the balance sheet and are now included in the carrying value of the term loan.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

#### (b) Section 3865 – Hedges

This new standard specifies the circumstances under which hedge accounting is permissible and how hedge accounting may be performed. The Company currently does not have any hedges.

### (c) Section 1530 – Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is the change in in the Company's net assets that results from transactions, events, and circumstances from other than the Company's shareholders. This standard requires certain gains and losses that would otherwise be recorded as part of net earnings to be presented in other "comprehensive income" until it is considered appropriate to recognize into net earnings. This standard requires the presentation of comprehensive income, and its components in a separate financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as the other financial statements.

The application of these new standards has had no impact on the Company's financial statements as at and for the three month period ended June 30, 2007, and as such, a statement of comprehensive income has not been included in these financial statements.

## 4. EQUIPMENT

		Α	ccumulated		
	Cost	Amortization		Net I	Book Value
June 30, 2007					
Site equipment	\$ 77,551	\$	(53,362)	\$	24,189
Total	\$ 77,551	\$	(53,362)	\$	24,189
March 31, 2007					
Site equipment	\$ 77,551	\$	(52,089)	\$	25,462
Total	\$ 77,551	\$	(52,089)	\$	25,462

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

### 5. MINERAL PROPERTY INTERESTS

Tulox Property

On May 7<sup>th</sup>, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with Sitec Ventures Corp. ("Sitec") for the sale of the Tulox property (the "Property") for consideration of ten million common shares of Sitec, an inactive NEX-listed public company. The agreement is subject to certain conditions along with regulatory approval. Under the agreement, the Company will receive a 3% net smelter royalty, following the commencement of commercial production on the Property. In addition, the Company receives a "Back in Right" whereby, on completion of \$5,000,000 of exploration expenditures on the Property by Sitec, the Company will have a 90 day period during which it can acquire a 60% interest in the Property by agreeing to fund a further \$10,000,000 of exploration expenditures on the Property. The agreement is currently expected to close at the end of September 2007.

#### 6. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Balances receivable	June 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Hunter Dickinson Inc. (a)	\$ 185,935	\$ 21,314
Rockwell Diamonds Inc. (b)	_	\$ 5,692,877
Total	\$ 185,935	\$ 5,714,191

	Three months ended June					
Transactions	2007					
Services rendered and expenses reimbursed:						
Hunter Dickinson Inc. (a)	\$ 289,629	\$ 142,338				
Rockwell Diamonds Inc. (b)	\$ 53,629	\$ -				
Farallon Mineral Mexicana (c)	\$ -	\$ 3,445				

- (a) Hunter Dickinson Inc. ("HDI") is a private company owned equally by nine public companies, one of which is the Company. HDI has certain directors in common with the Company and provides geological, corporate development, administrative and management services to, and incurs third party costs on behalf of, the Company and its subsidiaries on a full cost recovery basis pursuant to an agreement dated December 31, 1996. Balances receivable from HDI have arisen in the normal course of exploration work on the Company's mineral properties and from the provision of ongoing administrative and technical services.
- (b) Rockwell Diamonds Inc., formerly named Rockwell Ventures Inc. ("Rockwell"), is a public company with certain directors in common with the Company. On January 26, 2007, the Company advanced \$5,500,000 to Rockwell pursuant to a 90-day promissory note. Interest on the promissory note is calculated at a rate of 20% per annum, compounded quarterly. Interest is payable in common shares of Rockwell, based upon the

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

ten day average closing price, less a 10% discount. For the year ended March 31, 2007, interest income of \$192,877 was accrued on the promissory note. On April 18, 2007, Rockwell repaid the principal amount of the loan, together with 497,993 common shares of Rockwell at a deemed price of \$0.495, representing payment of interest on the 90-day promissory note. For the three months period ended June 30, 2007, interest income of \$53,629 was accrued on the promissory note.

On June 21, 2007, the Company sold its 497,993 common shares of Rockwell for proceeds of \$315,499 and recorded a corresponding gain of \$68,992 on the sale of the securities.

(c) Farallon Minera Mexicana ("FMM") is a subsidiary of Farallon Resource Ltd., a publicly traded company which has certain directors in common with the Company. During the three months period ended June 30, 2006, the Company sold two used vehicles with a book value of \$nil to FMM at market value for proceeds of 35,000 Peso (\$3,445).

## 7. COMMITMENT

During the year ended March 31, 2007, the Company completed a private placement of 10,490,000 units at a price of \$0.50 per unit, which included the issuance of 4,490,000 flow-through units. Expenses to be incurred from the proceeds of the flow-through-units were renounced to investors on December 31, 2006. In accordance with the flow-through provisions of the Canadian Income Tax Act, the Company is obligated to spend the proceeds from the flow-through-units, of approximately \$2.3 million, by December 31, 2007.

### 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to June 30, 2007, 350,000 share purchase warrants of the Company were exercised at \$0.55 per share, for proceeds of \$192,500.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **1.1 Date**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements of Amarc Resources Ltd. ("Amarc", or the "Company") for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2007.

This MD&A is prepared as of August 24, 2007. All dollar figures stated herein are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified.

This discussion includes certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements". All statements in this discussion, other than statements of historical facts, that address future production, reserve potential, exploration drilling, exploitation activities and events or developments that the Company expects are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, exploitation and exploration successes, continued availability of capital and financing and general economic, market or business conditions. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

#### 1.2 Overview

The Company has assembled a capable and experienced mineral exploration team to focus its efforts toward making a major new mineral deposit discovery. This team is actively evaluating properties in British Columbia and jurisdictions around the world in order to acquire a significant exploration or development project.

#### **Bodine Property**

In December 2006, Amarc announced that it had acquired, by Option Agreement and staking, a very large exploration property located in central British Columbia, approximately 110 kilometers northeast of Smithers. The Bodine property ("Bodine") is situated approximately 10 kilometers from the CNR-BC Rail line at Takla Landing and is traversed by a mainline industrial road and a network of forestry roads. Provincial grid power is located approximately 55 kilometers from the property.

The Bodine property comprises approximately 637 square kilometers and covers a 100 kilometer long belt of gossanous metasedimentary and metavolcanic rocks of the Sitlika assemblage. The area was the subject of a focused geological mapping initiative by the BC Ministry of Energy and Mines (Schiarizza and Payie, 1997), which showed that Sitlika rocks have the potential to host volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits. In the Bodine area, results from stream sediment sampling have returned outstanding and regionally significant copper and zinc concentrations, ranging from 1650 to 3500 ppm copper and 1750 to 4000 ppm zinc, from a stream draining altered felsic volcanic rocks. Preliminary prospecting has uncovered a footwall-type stringer copper-zinc mineralized zone, like that typically associated with the formation of copper and zinc rich volcanic hosted massive sulphide deposits, within an iron oxide horizon which runs for up to 20 kilometers.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Sitlika rocks in this area are equivalent in age to the rocks hosting the Kutcho volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits in northern BC. Kutcho Creek, a pre-feasibility stage project, hosts several massive sulphide deposits. The largest and most advanced deposit is the Main deposit, with measured and indicated resources of 15.6 million tonnes grading 1.65% copper, 2.15% zinc, 26 grams silver and 0.3 gram gold per tonne, that is potentially amenable to open pit mining (Western Keltic Mines Inc. website, July 2007).

Preliminary property work by the Company's geologists confirmed the occurrence of quartz eye porphyry felsic fragmental volcanic rocks and brecciated and layered sulphides on the Bodine property, which strongly indicate the potential to host a new volcanogenic massive sulphide district. Results of initial channel sampling include: four samples that range from 2.84% to 7.40% copper over widths of 0.10 meter; and three sampled intervals that returned 1.79% copper over 2.90 meters, 1.37% copper over 2.35 meters and 2.38% copper over 1.00 meter.

The Company is performing a significant program at Bodine during the summer of 2007 that includes silt sampling, soil sampling, magnetometer surveys and induced polarization surveys to delineate targets for drilling. The cost of the program is expected to be \$2.9 million.

#### Property Agreement

On November 14, 2006, the Company reached an option agreement with an arm's length party to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Bodine property. Amarc can acquire its interest in the Bodine property by making staged cash payments totaling \$225,000 and expending \$2,000,000 on the property over the next four years, of which \$25,000 was paid in December 2006. The property is subject to a 3% net smelter royalty, 2% of which may be purchased at the Company's sole discretion for \$2,000,000 with the remaining 1% subject to a right of first refusal in favor of the Company. Annual advance royalty payments of \$50,000 will be required from the fifth year of the agreement to the fifteenth year of the agreement.

#### RAD Property

In January 2004, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the **RAD** property from United Mineral Services Ltd., by reimbursing the staking cost of \$8,000.

The 2,000 hectare RAD property, located 250 kilometers west of Williams Lake, comprises Jurassic tuffs and volcanic breccia, Upper Cretaceous andesites and basaltic breccias, and overlying Tertiary basalts and andesites. A reconnaissance-level geologic survey performed in 2004 confirmed that an historic induced polarization survey had adequately covered the target area and, consequently, no further exploration is planned at this time. The Company plans to allow the property to lapse.

Nechako Gold Property (formerly "Bob" and "JMD" Properties)

In January 2004, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the **Nechako** mineral property. The 1,300 hectare Nechako property, located 80 kilometers west of Quesnel, was acquired by issuing a total of 200,000 shares of the Company to two arm's length parties. Of these 200,000 shares, 50,000 were not due to be issued until the Company reached a

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

third party joint venture agreement or completed a total of \$250,000 in exploration expenditures on the property.

In November 2004, the Company signed an option agreement whereby Endurance Gold Corporation ("Endurance Gold"), an arm's length private company, could acquire a 60% interest in the property by issuing to the Company 250,000 shares in Endurance Gold, and by incurring \$250,000 in exploration work on the property over the next three years. The agreement was conditional upon Endurance Gold becoming a publicly-listed company, a condition that Endurance Gold fulfilled on July 27, 2005 when it listed on the TSX Venture Exchange. On August 18, 2005, the Company received its first payment of 50,000 common shares of Endurance Gold at a deemed price of \$0.23 per share. This \$11,500 was credited against the acquisition cost of the property.

Under the agreement, at the end of the option period, the Company and Endurance Gold could enter into a joint venture to develop the property, with the Company owning 40% and Endurance Gold owning 60%. The two arm's length parties from whom the property was acquired waived their right to the 50,000 shares of the Company referred to above.

Since January 2005, Endurance Gold registered an additional 3,275 hectares of mineral claims within the area of common interest surrounding the property. These form part of the property and are subject to the terms of the agreement with Endurance Gold.

Endurance Gold performed geologic, geochemical and geophysical surveys on the property as well as carried out a 422-meter drilling program during November and December 2005. As a result of the expenditures incurred during these programs, Endurance Gold completed the \$250,000 exploration expenditure requirement of the option agreement. The Company received an additional payment of 200,000 common shares of Endurance Gold in December 2005; therefore, Endurance Gold completed the requirements for vesting a 60% interest in the property.

The Company reviewed Endurance Gold's exploration results and elected not to participate in the additional expenditures required to complete the drilling in December 2005. As a result, the Company's interest in the property was reduced to 32.61%. No further work has been performed on the property by the joint venture since December 2005. During the year ended March 31, 2007, the Company wrote-off the remaining costs of \$42,500 related to the property.

## Tulox Property

The **Tulox** property, located in the Cariboo region and comprising 252 square kilometers, was acquired during the period July 2005 to March 2007.

On May 7<sup>th</sup> 2007, the Company completed the sale of the Tulox property for consideration of 10,000,000 common shares of Sitec Ventures Corp., subject to certain conditions. The Company will also receive a 3% net smelter royalty return following the commencement of commercial production on the property. The Company also received a "Back in Right" whereby, on completion of \$5,000,000 of exploration expenditures on the property, the Company will have 90 days during which it can acquire a 60% interest in the property by agreeing to complete a further \$10,000,000 of exploration expenditures on the property.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Tulox property is underlain by Mesozoic volcanic and sedimentary rocks that have been intruded by Mosozoic intrusive rocks. These rocks have been overlain by Cenozoic volcanic and pyroclastic rocks. The Tulox property is anomalous in gold and gold indicator elements.

### Iskut Properties

The Company registered for acquisition a total of 52 square kilometers in five properties in the Iskut River area of northwestern B.C. during the period August 2005 to March 2006. These properties comprise the AA, MEZ, TRI A, Copper 152 and Copper 246 properties.

The Company also entered into a Letter Agreement in May 2006 with an arm's length party, giving the Company the right to explore the 2,302 hectare **SEDEX** property that adjoins the AA property, and the right to enter into a formal option agreement on or before December 31, 2006 to purchase the SEDEX property by paying the arm's length party \$100,000 and 265,000 shares of the Company in stages by December 31, 2010. The purchase was subject to a 1.5% net smelter royalty in favor of the arm's length party, 0.5% of which could be purchased by the Company for \$1,000,000. Advance royalty payments of \$20,000 annually were payable to the arm's length party commencing on or before December 31, 2011.

During the 2007 fiscal year, the Company concluded that no further work was warranted on the properties. On December 6, 2006, the Company terminated the SEDEX Letter Agreement and vended the AA property to the original SEDEX owner, an arm's length party. Amarc retains a 1.5% net smelter royalty on production from the AA property, 0.5% of which can be purchased by the arm's length party for \$1,000,000. The Company plans to let the remainder of the properties lapse.

## Pinchi Gold Properties

The Company registered for acquisition a total of 528 square kilometers in four properties northwest of Fort St. James in Central B.C. during the period December 27, 2006 to April 20, 2007. These properties comprise the **Calex, Grand, Grandnorth** and **Petite**.

The properties are underlain by Paleozoic limestones, sedimentary rocks and volcanic rocks that have been intruded by Mesozoic intrusive rocks. These geologic conditions are prospective for the formation of bulk tonnage gold deposits.

The Company is performing airborne and ground based geophysical surveys and grid based geochemical surveys during the 2007 field season in order to define drill targets.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Other Properties

The Company also has a 5% net profits interest ("NPI") in the 46 mineral claims comprising the **Ana** Property in the Yukon Territory, Canada, and a 2.5% NPI in a mineral lease comprising the **Mann Lake** Property in Saskatchewan. On January 12, 2007 the Company held 1,306 hectares of the **Chona** claims in good standing, at which time the property was sold to an arm's length purchaser for the sum of \$500. Amarc retains a 2.5% net smelter royalty on production from the property, which can be bought by the purchaser for \$2.5 million. At the present time, the Company has no plans to undertake any programs on these properties.

### **Market Trends**

Copper prices have been increasing since late 2003, averaging US\$3.03/lb in 2006. As a result of increasing supply, prices dropped slightly in early 2007, but have increased again since mid February. The average price to mid July 2007 is US\$3.09/lb.

Overall, gold prices have been increasing for more than three years. Although there was some volatility late in 2006, the average for the year – US\$604/oz – was higher than the average price – US\$445/oz – in 2005. This volatility continued in early 2007, but prices have mainly been increasing since mid January. The gold price has averaged approximately US\$658/oz to mid July 2007.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# 1.3 Selected Annual Information

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and are expressed in Canadian dollars.

		As at March 31				
	2007	2006	2005			
Current assets	\$ 8,742,826	\$ 4,872,158	\$ 7,888,349			
Mineral property interests	_	98,429	155,929			
Equipment	25,462	36,951	47,105			
Total assets	8,768,288	5,007,538	8,091,383			
Current liabilities	78,012	38,431	871,243			
Shareholders' equity	8,690,276	4,969,107	7,220,140			
Total shareholders' equity & liabilities	8,768,288	5,007,538	8,091,383			
Working capital	\$ 8,664,814	\$ 4,833,727	\$ 7,017,106			

	Year ended March 31					
		2007		2006		2005
Expenses						
Amortization	\$	6,366	\$	10,154	\$	13,083
Conference and travel		60,402		37,471		5,591
Exploration		1,033,060		3,012,825		7,553,950
Legal, accounting and audit		33,465		64,160		63,521
Management and consulting		54,714		92,987		45,658
Office and administration		150,163		137,155		106,349
Property investigation		10,396		4,316		_
Salaries and benefits		229,024		382,254		356,841
Shareholder communication		51,857		72,531		104,308
Trust and filing		18,719		17,946		23,350
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		(38,098)		2,645		8,204
Interest on flow-through shares		_		_		92,502
Interest income and other		(333,737)		(129,852)		(242,862)
Loss on sale of equipment		1,678		_		_
Write down of accounts receivable		_		45,088		_
Write down of marketable securities		_		190,392		6,667
Write down of mineral property interest		98,429		10,000		76,000
Subtotal		1,376,438		3,950,072		8,213,162
Stock-based compensation expense (recovery)		_		(16,282)		496,031
Gain on sale of marketable securities		_		(92,887)		(81,554)
Net loss for the year	\$	(1,376,438)	\$	(3,840,903)	\$	(8,627,639)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.19)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		54,557,473		49,880,651		45,168,411

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# 1.4 Summary of Quarterly Results

Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per-share amounts. Small differences are due to rounding.

	June 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30	June 30	Mar 31	Dec 31	Sep 30
~	2007	2007	2006	2006	2006	2006	2005	2005
Current assets	8,232	8,743	5,956	\$ 4,279	\$ 4,704	\$ 4,872	\$ 5,053	\$ 4,374
Other assets	24	25	69	70	73	135	137	186
Total assets	8,256	8,768	6,025	4,349	4,777	5,008	5,191	4560
Current liabilities	91	78	2,180	77	38	38	38	242
Shareholders' equity	8,165	8,690	3,845	4,272	4,739	4,969	5,153	4318
Total liabilities &								
shareholders' equity	8,256	8,768	6,025	4,349	4,777	5,008	5,191	4560
Working capital	8,141	8,665	3,776	4,202	4,667	4,834	5,015	4,132
Expenses								
Amortization	1	_	2	2	2	3	3	3
Conference and travel	2	_	17	43	_	3	34	_
Exploration	467	271	369	301	92	31	498	1,085
Legal, accounting and audit	3	22	2	6	4	6	9	44
Management and consulting	24	2	3	25	24	58	7	13
Office and administration	54	44	46	35	26	31	30	39
Property investigation	1	2	(4)	10	2	2	2	_
Salaries and benefits	48	60	56	63	50	52	89	156
Shareholder communication	13	10	12	22	8	9	14	26
Trust and filing	1	10	3	5	1	6	3	6
Subtotal	614	421	506	512	209	201	689	1,372
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	89	12	(48)	(10)	7	50	(1)	(43)
Interest income	(109)	(224)	(31)	(34)	(40)	(30)	(34)	(25)
Other	_	_	_	(1)	(3)	(4)	_	` _
Subtotal	594	209	427	467	173	217	654	1,304
Stock-based compensation				_				(2)
Loss on sale of fixed assets	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	( <del>-</del> )
Gain on sale of marketable					•			
securities	(69)	_	-	_	-	(93)	-	-
Mark-to-market adjustment							_	
on warrants Write-down of accounts	_	_	_	_	_	16	9	_
receivable	_	_	_	_	_	45	_	_
Write-down of marketable						43		
securities	-	_	-	_	-	-	10	-
Write-down of mineral								
property interest		43			56		10	
Net loss for the period	\$ 525	\$ 252	\$ 427	\$ 467	\$ 230	\$ 185	\$ 683	\$ 1,302
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.03
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (thousands)	62,949	60,968	52,459	52,459	52,459	52,459	49,053	47,976

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# 1.5 Results of Operations

The Company had a net loss of \$525,166 for the first quarter of fiscal 2008 compared to net loss of \$229,980 for the same period in fiscal 2007. The increase in loss for the quarter was due primarily to increased exploration expenditures in British Columbia compared to the previous year, along with an increase in foreign exchange losses on the Company's United States dollar denominated cash and equivalents, due to the appreciation in the relative value of the Canadian dollar.

Exploration expenses for the first quarter of fiscal 2008, excluding stock-based compensation, increased to \$467,499, compared to \$92,453 for the same period in the previous year. This increase was due to increased exploration programs being carried out in British Columbia. The major exploration expenditures during the period were geological (2008 – \$347,450; 2007 – \$58,463), site activities (2008 – \$52,168; 2007 – \$16,512), and equipment rental (2008 – \$40,329; 2007 – \$3,094).

Administrative costs for the current period also increased with the greater exploration activities. The major administrative costs during the period were salaries and benefits (2008 - \$47,896; 2007 - \$49,501), office and administration (2008 - \$53,887; 2007 - \$25,704), management and consulting (2008 - \$23,976; 2007 - \$24,102), and shareholder communication (2008 - \$13,193; 2007 - \$8,449).

Interest and other income increased to \$109,057 for the current period compared to \$43,489 for the same period last year due to interest earned on the \$5,500,000 loan to Rockwell Diamonds Inc. for 18 days during the current period, compared to \$nil during the same period last year. The increased interest income was also due to higher cash balances on hand, following the December 2006 private placement sale of approximately \$5.25 million of common shares of the Company.

There were no losses on the sale of equipment or write-down of mineral property interest during the current period, compared with a loss of \$1,678 on the sale of fixed assets and a write down of mineral property interest of \$55,929 recorded in the same period last year.

A foreign exchange loss of \$88,953 was recorded during the current period, compared with a loss of \$7,106 in the same period of the prior year. This increased loss was due to an appreciation of approximately \$0.09 in the Canadian dollar during the current period, on US\$ denominated cash and equivalents of approximately \$940,000.

A gain of \$68,992 on the sale of marketable securities was recorded during the current period, compared with \$nil during the same period of the prior year. The gain resulted from the sale of 497,993 common shares of Rockwell Diamonds Inc., which the Company had received as payment for the interest portion of the \$5,500,000 loan to Rockwell Diamonds Inc., repaid on April 18, 2007.

### 1.6 Liquidity

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements.

On January 17, 2007, the Company completed a private placement of 10,490,000 units, consisting of 4,490,000 flow-through units and 6,000,000 non-flow-through units at a price of \$0.50 per unit. Each

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and a warrant and each non-flow-through unit consists of one non-flow-through common share and a warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one non-flow-through common share until January 17, 2009, at a price of \$0.55 per share. In accordance with certain provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada), the Company is obligated to spend the flow-through unit proceeds by December 31, 2007.

Subsequent to June 30, 2007, 350,000 warrants were exercised for proceeds of \$192,500.

At June 30, 2007, the Company had working capital of approximately \$8.1 million which is sufficient to fund its known commitments.

The Company has no long term debt, capital lease obligations, operating leases or any other long term obligations.

## Operating activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$809,070 in the first quarter of fiscal 2008, compared to \$16,446 for the same period last year. Cash used in operating activities was attributable primarily to exploration programs carried out on its British Columbia mineral properties. The Company anticipates continuing to use its cash in its operating activities to carry out its exploration programs.

## Investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities were \$5,815,499 in the first quarter of fiscal 2008, compared to \$3,445 in the same period last year. Cash flows from investing activities consisted of \$5,500,000 from the repayment of a loan to a related party and \$315,499 in proceeds from the sale of securities. Cash flows from investing activities in the prior period were attributable to the sale of fixed assets.

#### Requirement of Financing

Development of any of the Company's mineral properties beyond feasibility will require additional equity and possibly debt financing. As Amarc is an exploration stage company, it does not have revenues from operations and, except for interest income from its cash and cash equivalents, the Company relies on equity funding for its continuing financial liquidity.

## 1.7 Capital Resources

The Company has no lines of credit or other sources of financing which have been arranged but are as yet

The Company has no "Purchase Obligations" defined as any agreement to purchase goods or services that is enforceable and legally binding on the Company that specifies all significant terms, including: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transaction.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 1.8 Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

#### 1.9 Transactions with Related Parties

Pursuant to the agreement dated December 31, 1996, Hunter Dickinson Inc. ("HDI") of Vancouver, British Columbia, a private company with certain directors in common with the Company, carries out geological, exploration, corporate development, administration, and management services for, and incurs costs with third-party vendors on behalf of, the Company on a full cost-recovery basis.

Costs for services rendered and costs incurred on behalf of the Company by HDI were \$289,629 in the first quarter of fiscal 2008, as compared to \$142,338 for the same period last year. The variances were due to increases in the Company's exploration activities.

Rockwell Diamonds Inc., formerly named Rockwell Ventures Inc. ("Rockwell"), is a public company with certain directors in common with the Company. On January 26, 2007, the Company advanced \$5,500,000 to Rockwell pursuant to a 90-day promissory note. Interest on the promissory note is calculated at a rate of 20% per annum, compounded quarterly. Interest is payable in common shares of Rockwell, based upon the ten day average closing price, less a 10% discount. For the year ended March 31, 2007, interest income of \$192,877 was accrued on the promissory note. On April 18, 2007, Rockwell repaid the principal amount of the loan, together with 497,993 common shares of Rockwell at a deemed price of \$.495, representing the payment of interest on the 90-day promissory note. For the three months period ended June 30, 2007, interest income of \$53,629 was accrued on the promissory note.

On June 21, 2007, the Company sold its 497,993 common shares of Rockwell for proceeds of \$315,499 and recorded a corresponding gain of \$68,992 on the sale of the securities.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2007, the Company sold two used vehicles to Farallon Minera Mexicana ("FMM"), a subsidiary of Farallon Resources Ltd., a publicly traded company with certain directors in common with the Company, at market value for proceeds of 35,000 Peso (\$3,445), and a loss of \$1,678 was recorded. No transactions occurred with FMM for the same period in the current year.

## 1.10 Fourth Quarter

Not applicable.

#### 1.11 Proposed Transactions

None.

#### 1.12 Critical Accounting Estimates

Not required. The Company is a venture issuer.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 1.13 Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption

The CICA issued Section 3855, Financial Instruments –Recognition and Measurement, Section 3861, "Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation", Section 3865, "Hedges", and Section 1530, "Comprehensive Income", all applicable to the Company for annual or interim accounting periods beginning on April 1, 2007.

Section 3855 requires all financial assets, financial liabilities and non-financial derivatives to be recognized on the balance sheet and measured based on specified categories. Section 3861 identifies and details information to be disclosed in the financial statements.

Section 3865 sets out when hedge accounting can be applied and builds on existing Canadian GAAP guidance by specifying how hedge accounting is applied and disclosed.

Section 1530 introduces new standards for the presentation and disclosure of the components of comprehensive income. Comprehensive income is defined as the change in net assets of an enterprise during a reporting period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources.

The CICA also issued Section 1506, Accounting Changes, which revises the current standards on changes in accounting policy, estimates or errors as follows: voluntary changes in accounting policy are allowed only when they result in financial statements that provide reliable and more relevant information; changes in accounting policy are to be applied retrospectively unless doing so is impracticable; changes in estimates are to be recorded prospectively; and prior period adjustments are to be corrected retrospectively. In addition, this standard calls for enhanced disclosure about the effects of changes in accounting policies, estimates and errors on the financial statements.

The application of these new standards has had no impact on the Company's financial statements as at and for the three months period ended June 30, 2007.

### 1.14 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash and equivalents, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. It is not practicable to determine the fair values of amounts receivable due from to related parties due to the related party nature of such amounts and the absence of a secondary market for such instruments.

# 1.15 Other MD&A Requirements

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

## 1.15.1 Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

(a) capitalized or expensed exploration and development costs;

The required disclosure is presented in the notes to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2007.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(b) expensed research and development costs;

Not applicable.

(c) deferred development costs;

Not applicable.

(d) general and administration expenses; and

The required disclosure is presented in the consolidated statements of operations.

(e) any material costs, whether capitalized, deferred or expensed, not referred to in (a) through (d);

None.

## 1.15.2 Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following table details the share capital structure as at August 24, 2007, the date of this MD&A. These figures may be subject to minor accounting adjustments prior to presentation in future consolidated financial statements.

	Exercise		
	Expiry date	price	Number
Common shares			63,299,473
Warrants	January 17, 2009	\$0.55	10,140,000

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### 1.15.3 Internal Controls over Financial Reporting and Disclosure Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Any system of internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

The Company has disclosure controls and procedures in place to provide reasonable assurance that any information required to be disclosed by the Company under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the applicable time periods and to ensure that required information is gathered and communicated to the Company's management so that decisions can be made about timely disclosure of that information.

There have been no significant changes in the Company's disclosure controls during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 that could significantly affect disclosure controls subsequent to the date the Company carried out its evaluation.